

ST. THOMAS SCHOOL, DHURWA, RANCHI-4

FIRST TERM SYLLABUS 2021-2022

SUBJECT- SOCIAL STUDIES CLASS-5

Lesson 2 Farmers and Herders

Note: Question A, B, C and picture study to be done in book. Question D to be done in the copy.

Q. A- Fill in the blanks.

- 1- Mesolithic Age
- 2- tools
- 3- Copper
- 4- Farming, wheel
- 5- a community

Q. B- Write True/False.

- 1- True 2- False 3- True 4- True 5- False

Q. C- Match the following.

- 1- Chalcolithic Age - copper
- 2- stone tools - basalt
- 3- tin and copper - bronze
- 4- dog - first animal to be domesticated
- 5- farming and herding -Neolithic Age

Q. D- Answer the following questions.

1-The two ways in which the early man's life changed in the Neolithic Age were

- i- Man began to produce his food on his own.
- ii- The invention of the wheel made transportation faster and smoother.

2- During the Neolithic Age, man needed new and improved tools. As a result, new and improved tools such as sickle blades and grinding stones were created using basalt. These tools were not only harder and stronger, but also had a sharp edge.

3- As the farming was discovered, now man had to take care of the crops in-order to get a good harvest. So, man started settling down in one place.

4- The period when man used both copper and stone tools is called the Chalcolithic Age.

5- During the Neolithic Period, man started building mud houses with thatched roofs. Later, man lived in the rectangular and long houses. These houses were made of mud bricks.

6- During the Neolithic period, domestication of animals took place because they were useful in many ways. Dogs were used for hunting and protected the early man from the attack of the wild animals. The animals like goat, sheep, buffalo, chicken etc. became a source of food. Dog was the first animal to be domesticated.