

ST. THOMAS SCHOOL, DHURWA RANCHI

THIRD TERM 2020-2021

Subject : Social Studies Ch -12 The Northern Plains Class -4

Note :Page no. 115 Q. No. A, B and C to be done in SST. Book.

Q. No . D to be done in the copy.

A. Fill in the blanks :

1. Food bowl
2. Satluj, Ganga ,Brahmaputra
3. Punjab, Haryana, Chandigarh
4. Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal,Bihar
5. Tsangpo

A. Write (T) for true and (F) for false.

- 1.False
- 2.True
3. False
4. False
5. False

C. Match the following :

1. Uttar Pradesh
- 2.Punjab
3. Bihar
- 4.West Bengal
5. Delhi

D. Answer the following questions :

- 1.The northern plains extend from Punjab in the West to Assam in the East and are almost 2400 kilometres in extent.
- 2.Northern plains are important to us as this is a major crop growing area.It is the' Food Bowl of India.'

3.The place where a river enters a lake , larger river or the ocean is called its mouth of a river.

The place where large amount of alluvium are deposited at the mouth of a river ,a delta is formed.

4.As the river Ganga flows towards the Bay of Bengal its speed slows down and it gets divided into a number of distributaries. The silt deposited by the river forms a triangular shape at the mouth of the river. This triangular formation is called a delta . In this way Ganga – Brahmaputra delta is formed.

5.In Delhi places of tourist interest are Akshardham temple, Lotus temple, Qutb Minar, Red Fort and Jantar Mantar.

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